## **Environmental Protection Agency**

- (2) If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.
- (3) The leak percentage shall be determined by dividing the number of valves subject to the requirements in §264.1057 for which leaks are detected by the total number of valves subject to the requirements in §264.1057 within the hazardous waste management unit.
- [55 FR 25501, June 21, 1990, as amended at 71 FR 16907, Apr. 4, 2006]

## § 264.1062 Alternative standards for valves in gas/vapor service or in light liquid service: skip period leak detection and repair.

- (a) An owner or operator subject to the requirements of §264.1057 may elect for all valves within a hazardous waste management unit to comply with one of the alternative work practices specified in paragraphs (b) (2) and (3) of this section.
- (b)(1) An owner or operator shall comply with the requirements for valves, as described in §264.1057, except as described in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section.
- (2) After two consecutive quarterly leak detection periods with the percentage of valves leaking equal to or less than 2 percent, an owner or operator may begin to skip one of the quarterly leak detection periods (i.e., monitor for leaks once every six months) for the valves subject to the requirements in §264.1057 of this subpart.
- (3) After five consecutive quarterly leak detection periods with the percentage of valves leaking equal to or less than 2 percent, an owner or operator may begin to skip three of the quarterly leak detection periods (i.e., monitor for leaks once every year) for the valves subject to the requirements in §264.1057 of this subpart.
- (4) If the percentage of valves leaking is greater than 2 percent, the owner or operator shall monitor monthly in compliance with the requirements in §264.1057, but may again elect to use this section after meeting the requirements of §264.1057(c)(1).
- $[55~\mathrm{FR}~25501,~\mathrm{June}~21,~1990,~\mathrm{as}~\mathrm{amended}~\mathrm{at}~62~\mathrm{FR}~64658,~\mathrm{Dec.}~8,~1997;~71~\mathrm{FR}~16907,~\mathrm{Apr.}~4,~2006]$

## § 264.1063 Test methods and procedures.

- (a) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall comply with the test methods and procedures requirements provided in this section.
- (b) Leak detection monitoring, as required in §§ 264.1052-264.1062, shall comply with the following requirements:
- (1) Monitoring shall comply with Reference Method 21 in 40 CFR part 60.
- (2) The detection instrument shall meet the performance criteria of Reference Method 21.
- (3) The instrument shall be calibrated before use on each day of its use by the procedures specified in Reference Method 21.
  - (4) Calibration gases shall be:
- (i) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air).
- (ii) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of approximately, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane.
- (5) The instrument probe shall be traversed around all potential leak interfaces as close to the interface as possible as described in Reference Method 21.
- (c) When equipment is tested for compliance with no detectable emissions, as required in §§264.1052(e), 264.1053(i), 264.1054, and 264.1057(f), the test shall comply with the following requirements:
- (1) The requirements of paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section shall apply.
- (2) The background level shall be determined as set forth in Reference Method 21.
- (3) The instrument probe shall be traversed around all potential leak interfaces as close to the interface as possible as described in Reference Method 21.
- (4) The arithmetic difference between the maximum concentration indicated by the instrument and the background level is compared with 500 ppm for determining compliance.
- (d) In accordance with the waste analysis plan required by \$264.13(b), an owner or operator of a facility must determine, for each piece of equipment, whether the equipment contains or